



TISSUE BLOOD COMBI DNA EXTRACTION USER GUIDE (Version 4.1)

Catalog No.

SAMPLE : 5 preps GF-BT-050 : 50 preps GF-BT-100 : 100 preps

High Yield and Purity
Fast and Easy purification
Reliable and Reproducible
Eluted DNA ready for use in downstream applications
No toxic or organic-based extraction required

Introduction

The **GF-1 Tissue Blood Combi DNA Extraction Kit** is designed for rapid and efficient purification of genomic DNA from up to 5 x 10^6 cultured animal cells, blood, serum, plasma and various organs such as kidney, heart, lungs, brain, muscles, liver, spleen, etc without the need for precipitation or organic extractions. This kit uses a specially-treated glass filter membrane fixed into a column to efficiently bind DNA in the presence of high salt. This kit applies the principle of a mini-column spin technology and the use of optimized buffers to ensure that only DNA is isolated while cellular proteins, metabolites, salts and other low molecular weight impurities are removed during the subsequent washing steps. High-purity genomic DNA is eluted in water or low salt buffers and has a $A_{260/280}$ ratio between 1.7 and 1.9 making it ready to use in many routine molecular biology applications such as restriction enzyme digestion, Southern blotting, PCR,DNA fingerprinting and other manipulations.

Kit components

Product Catalog No.	5 Preps SAMPLE	50 Preps GF-BT-050	100 Preps GF-BT-100
Components			
GF-1 columns	5	50	100
Collection tubes	5	50	100
Tissue Lysis Buffer (Buffer TL)	1.5ml	15ml	30ml
Lysis Enhancer	0.1ml	1ml	2ml
Genomic DNA Binding Buffer (Buffer CB)	3.2ml	32ml	64ml
Wash Buffer 1 (concentrate)*	1.5ml	15ml	30ml
Wash Buffer 2 (concentrate)*	2.4ml	17ml	34ml
Elution Buffer	1.5ml	10ml	20ml
Proteinase K*	0.11ml	1.05ml	2 x 1.05ml
Handbook	1	1	1

^{*} Please refer to **Reconstitution of Solutions** and **Storage and Stability** before using this kit.

The **GF-1 Tissue Blood Combi DNA Extraction Kit** is available as 50 and 100 purifications per kit. The reagents and materials provided with the kit are for research purposes only.

Note: The **GF-1 Blood Tissue Combi DNA Extraction Kit** is optimized to isolate up to 20µg of DNA from up to 5 x 10⁶ cultured animal cells, leucocytes or 10 - 20mg of tissue samples. Tissue samples vary in the number of cells depending on age, type of tissue and origin. When processing samples, do not use more than the recommended starting material as excessive number of cells will overload the column. This would result in reduced yield and purity. We recommend weighing the tissue samples before starting to ensure optimum yield and purity is obtained. Liver and spleen are very high in protein and RNA content. Thus, when isolating genomic DNA from these sources, use only up to 15mg of the sample.

Additional Materials to be Supplied by User

Absolute Ethanol (>95%) RNase A (DNase-free) (20mg/ml) Phosphate Buffered Saline (PBS)

Reconstitution of Solutions

The bottle labeled **Wash Buffer 1** and **Wash Buffer 2** contain concentrated buffer which must be diluted with absolute ethanol (>95%) before use.

For **GF-BT-005-S** (5 preps),

Add **1.5ml** of absolute ethanol into the bottle labeled **Wash Buffer 1**. Add **5.6ml** of absolute ethanol into the bottle labeled **Wash Buffer 2**.

For **GF-BT-050** (**50** preps),

Add **15ml** of absolute ethanol into the bottle labeled **Wash Buffer 1**. Add **40ml** of absolute ethanol into the bottle labeled **Wash Buffer 2**.

For GF-BT-100 (100 preps),

Add **30ml** of absolute ethanol into the bottle labeled **Wash Buffer 1**. Add **80ml** of absolute ethanol into the bottle labeled **Wash Buffer 2**.

Store Wash Buffer 1 and Wash Buffer 2 at room temperature with bottle capped tight after use.

Storage and Stability

- Store solutions at 20°C 30°C.
- **Proteinase K** is stable for up to 1 year after delivery when stored at room temperature or 4°C. To prolong the lifetime of Proteinase K, storage at -20°C is recommended.
- Kit components are guaranteed to be stable for 18 months from the date of manufacture **Buffer CB** may exhibit salt precipitation due to cold temperature. If this occurs, simply warm the bottle at 55°C 65°C with occasional mixing until precipitate is completely dissolved.

Chemical Hazard

Buffer CB contains guanidine salts which can be harmful when in contact with skin or swallowed. Always wear gloves and practice standard safety precautions. Do NOT disinfect guanidine or extraction waste in solutions containing bleach or any other form of acid. To clean any items contaminated with the reagent, simply soak in detergent and water to remove all traces of guanidine before cleaning with bleach or acidic solutions.

Procedures

Reminder

- All steps are to be carried out at room temperature unless stated otherwise.
- Wash Buffer (concentrate) has to be diluted with absolute ethanol before use. Please refer to Reconstitution of Solutions.
- If precipitation forms in **Buffer CB**, incubate at 55°C 65°C with occasional mixing until precipitate is completely dissolved.

Pre-set waterbath to 65°C.

Pre-heat **Elution Buffer** at 65°C.

A. DNA Extraction from Blood, Serum, Plasma

1. Blood lysis

Add 200µl of **Bufer CB** into a 200µl blood sample in a microcentrifuge tube. Mix thoroughly by pulsed-vortexing. Add 20µl of **Proteinase K** and mix immediately. Incubate at 65°C for 10 min.

Ensure that the Buffer CB is mixed homogeneously with blood sample before addition of Proteinase K. Blood samples may vary in the number of leukocytes depending on the donor. Processing too many cells may lead to overloading of the column. Therefore, ensure that there are not more than $5x10^6$ leukocytes in your sample.

Optional: Removal of RNA

If RNA-free DNA is required, add 20μl of RNase A (DNase-Free, 20mg/ml). Mix and incubate at 37°C for 10 min.

2. Proceed to Step 4

B. DNA Extraction from Cultured Animal Cells

1. Centrifugation and resuspension

Pellet appropriate amount of cells (maximum 5×10^6) in a clean microcentrifuge tube by centrifugation at 800×10^6 g for 5 min at 4°C. Decant the supernatant. Add 200μ l of PBS and resuspend completely by pipetting. If frozen cells pellet is used, thaw the cells completely on ice before adding PBS.

2. Cells lysis

Add in 20µl of **Proteinase K** and 2µl of **Lysis Enhancer** to the sample and mix immediately. Add 200µl of **Buffer CB** and mix thoroughly by pulsed-vortexing. Incubate at 65°C for 10 min.

3. Proceed to Step 4.

C. DNA Extraction from Animal Tissue

1. **Tissue preparation**

Cut 10 - 20mg of tissue sample into small pieces with a clean scalpel.

The tissue sample can be ground into fine powder using liquid nitrogen with a pestle and mortal for more efficient lysis.

2. Tissue lysis

Add 250µl of **Buffer TL** and 20µl of **Proteinase K** to the sample. Mix thoroughly by pulsed vortexing to obtain a homogeneous solution. Add 12µl of **Lysis Enhancer** and mix immediately. Incubate at 65°C for 1-3hr (or overnight if tissue mixture does not appear clear) in a shaking waterbath or mix occasionally during incubation to ensure thorough digestion of the sample.

If tissue sample has not been reduced to small pieces, homogenize sample in **Buffer TL** with multiple strokes using a tube pestle. Solubilization of tissue sample varies between different tissue types. If insoluble materials still remain, extent incubation time or increase the amount of Proteinase K to ensure complete lysis.

Optional: Removal of RNA

If RNA-free DNA is required, add 20μl of RNase A (DNase-Free, 20mg/ml). Mix and incubate at 37°C for 10 min.

3. **Homogenization**

Add 2 volumes (~560µl without RNase A treatment, ~600µl with RNase A treatment) of **Buffer CB** and mix thoroughly by pulsed-vortexing until a homogeneous solution is obtained. Incubate 10 min at 65°C.

4. Addition of ethanol

Add 200µl of absolute ethanol. Mix immediately and thoroughly by pulsed-vortexing to obtain a homogeneous solution.

Mix immediately to prevent any uneven precipitation of nucleic acid due to high local ethanol concentrations.

5. Loading to column

Transfer approximately 600μ l of sample into a column assembled in a clean collection tube (provided). Centrifuge at $5{,}000 \times g$ for 1 min. Discard flow through.

Repeat for the remaining sample from step 4.

6. Column washing 1

Wash the column with 500µl **Wash Buffer 1** and centrifuge at 5,000 x g for 1 min. Discard flow through. *Ensure that ethanol has been added into the Wash Buffer 1 before use (refer to Reconstitution of Solutions).*

7. Column washing 2

Wash the column with 500µl **Wash Buffer 2** and centrifuge at 5,000 x g for 1 min. Discard flow through. Repeat column washing once again.

Ensure that ethanol has been added into the Wash Buffer 2 before use (refer to Reconstitution of Solutions).

8. Column drying

Centrifuge the column at 10,000 x g for 1 min to remove all traces of ethanol.

9. **DNA elution**

Place the column into a clean microcentrifuge tube. Add $100-200\mu l$ of preheated **Elution Buffer**, TE buffer or sterile water directly onto column membrane and stand at room temperature for 2 min. Centrifuge at 5,000 x g for 1 min to elute DNA. Store DNA at 4° C or -20° C.

Troubleshooting

Please note that by not adhering to the recommended protocols, unsatisfactory results related to yield and quality of DNA may occur. If problems arise, please refer to the following:

Problem	Possibility	Suggestions
Problem Low DNA yield	Sample not thoroughly homogenized	Ensure that tissues are completely homogenized in Buffer TL
		Store blood sample in small aliquots to avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
	Samples not fresh or not properly stored	For long term storage of tissues, keep at -70°C.
	Sample not lysed completely	Ensure that tissues are completely homogenized in Buffer TL, Proteinase K and Lysis Enhancer, mix sample frequently during incubation in the absence of a shaking waterbath.

Problem	Possibility	Suggestions
		Ensure that cultured animal
		cells are completely
		homogenized in PBS,
		Proteinase K, Lysis Enhance
		and Buffer CB, mix until
		homogeneous by pulsed-vortexing before
		incubation at 65°C.
		Ensure Buffer CB and blood
		sample are mixed by pulsed-
		vortexing before addition of
		Proteinase K.
	Wash Buffer 1 and Wash	Ensure Wash Buffer 1 is
	Buffer 2 are applied in	applied before Wash Buffer 2
	wrong order	Repeat purification with
		a new sample.
	Wash Buffer 1 and Wash	Please refer to the
	Buffer 2 are reconstituted	'Reconstitution of Solution'.
	wrongly	Repeat purification with a new
		sample.
	Proteinase K activity is	For long term storage, ensure
	decreased	that Proteinase K is stored at
		20°C.
		D / (El.4) D66 (
	Low elution efficiency	Pre-heat Elution Buffer to 65°C-70°C before eluting DNA
		03 C-70 C before etuting DIVA
		Incubate column at room
		temperature for 2 min after
		addition of Elution Buffer.
		Ensure that Elution Buffer use
		is a low salt buffer or water wi
		a pH range of 7.0-8.5.

Low purity Incomplete protein (A260/280) denaturation

Column clogged

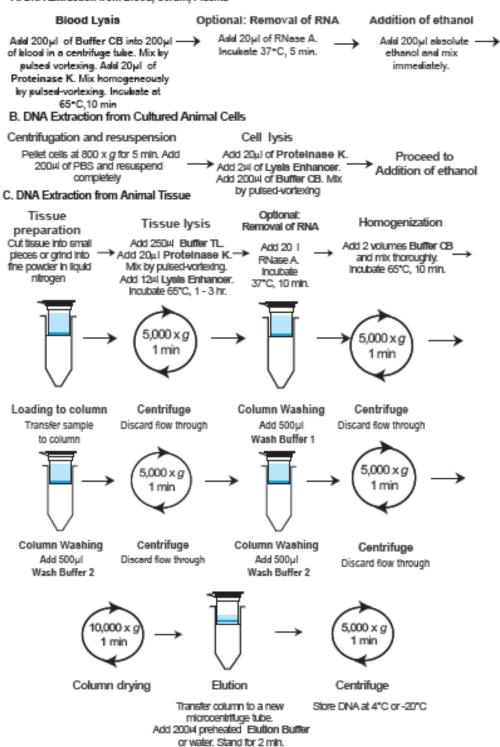
Use fresh **Proteinase K** *and extend incubation time until lysate clears.*

Refer to Problems under

'Column clogged'.

Problem Possibility		Suggestions	
	Wash Buffer 1 is not applied	Ensure that Wash Buffer 1 is applied to the column before addition of Wash Buffer 2.	
	Proteinase K activity is decreased	Refer to problem "Low DNA yield".	
Column clogged	Overloading of column	Do not use more than recommended amounts of sample material. If any undigested material remains, spin to remove tissue lysate and transfer supernatant into a new microcentrifuge tube.	
DNA degradation/ smearing	DNA sheared during purification	After the addition of Buffer TL and Proteinase K, avoid vigorous mixing and pipetting. Use cut-off tip if lysate appeared viscous.	
	Sample too old	DNA already degraded in old sample.	
	Sample frozen and thawed repeatedly	Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.	
Poor performance of eluted DNA in downstream applications	Eluted DNA contains traces of ethanol	Ensure that the Column drying step is carried out prior to elution.	
	TE buffer is used to elute DNA. EDTA in TE buffer may inhibit subsequent enzymatic reaction	Use Elution Buffer or water with a Ph range of 7.0 - 8.5.	

A. DNA Extraction from Blood, Serum, Plasma



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